



CONCRETE MEMBER V5.13

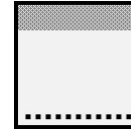
Engineering Building & Infrastructure Pty Ltd

Section:	(Analysis Beam [Span 1 (M1), 1.2 DLxg + 1.5 LL]) 300mm (D) x 1000mm (W) beam, f'c=40MPa	
Reinf't:	2-N20 top, 6-N20 bottom, ku = 0.14, N12 spacer (No ligs)	
Strength:	(+ve M) M* = 108.8kNm < øMu0 = 186.7kNm	OK (0.58)
Cracking:	fscr = 188MPa < Fscr = 233MPa & fscr1 = 188MPa < Fscr1 = 400MPa, crack width = 0.2mm	OK (0.47,0.81)
Ast.min:	Ast.min = 551mm² < Ast = 1885mm² (Minimum of Deemed and actual)	OK (0.29)

Geometry Interior environment with $\epsilon_{csd}.b^*=800 \times 10^{-6}$, $\epsilon_{cs}^*=540 \times 10^{-6}$ L/D ratio = 16.7

Concrete strength (f'c) = 40 MPa
Depth (D) = 300 mm
Web width (W) = 1000 mm, (S)lab

Flange width (Bf) = 0 mm



Comp.
Tension

Span (L) = 5000 mm (For effective flange, bef) Fully enclosed = N (Yes,(N)o
Side cover = 30 mm
Formwork = S (S)standard,(R)igid
Concrete weight = 25.0 kN/m³ Exposure top = A2/A1 Table 4.10.3.2
S.Wt = 7.50 kN/m Exposure bottom = B1 Table 4.10.3.2
Gross area (Ag) = 300000 mm²
Max. dist. b/n lat. restraints for simple/cont. (L1=min(60*bef,180*bef²/D)) = 60000 mm - Cl 8.9.2

Design actions

Analysis values = M (M)anual, (L)eft, Position (X) from analysis, (R)ight

	Manual values		Manual	Units
Design (M*) =	108.8 kNm	M*	108.8	kNm
Design (Ms1*, $\Psi_s=1$) =	80.6 kNm	Ms1*($\Psi_s=1$)	80.6	kNm
Design (Ms*, Ψ_s) =	80.6 kNm	Ms*(Ψ_s)	80.6	kNm
		Ast req'd	1068	mm²
		Ast	1885	mm²
		Reinf't req'd	3.4-N20	

Reinforcement

Ligs = N12 spacer (No ligs)

Bottom reinf't = 6-N20		Top reinf't = 2-N20	
Bar size =	20 mm	Bar size =	20 mm
Bar cts/No/mm² =	6 No	Bar cts/No/mm² =	2 No
Yield strength (fsy) =	500 MPa	Yield strength (fsyc) =	500 MPa
Ductility class =	A (N)ormal,(L)ow,(A)uto	Ductility class =	A (N)ormal,(L)ow,(A)uto
Reinf't ductility class =	N (N)ormal,(L)ow	Reinf't ductility class =	N (N)ormal,(L)ow
Steel area (Ast) =	1885 mm²	Steel area (Asc) =	628 mm²
Bottom cover to ligs =	30 mm	Top cover to ligs =	20 mm
Depth to bottom steel layer (ds.max) =	248 mm	Depth to top steel layer =	42 mm
Depth to bottom steel (ds) =	248 mm	Depth to top steel =	42 mm
D-ds =	52 mm	D-ds =	258 mm
No. bars =	6.0 No.	No. bars =	2.0 No.
Bar centres =	179 mm	Bar centres =	896 mm
Max. bars per layer =	12	Max. bars per layer =	12
Layers required =	1	Max. bars per 2nd layer =	12
		Layers required =	1

Strength in +ve bending for beams - Cl 8.1

Design width (W) =	1000 mm	Design flange (bef) =	1000 mm
Tensile steel area (As) =	1885 mm²	Depth to tensile (ds) =	248 mm
Comp. steel area (Ac) =	0 mm²	Depth to comp. steel (dc) =	42 mm
Ultimate Moment (Mu) =	219.7 kNm	ku =	0.138
Design capacity (øMu0) =	186.7 kNm	Factor (ø) =	0.850 Table 2.2.2
		As.min =	551 mm²

Crack control in +ve bending for beams - Cl 8.6

Steel stress (σscr1) =	188 MPa	Max. stress (σscr1.max) =	400 MPa	OK (0.47)
Steel stress (σscr) =	188 MPa	Max. stress (σscr.max) =	233 MPa	OK (0.81)
Max. crack width (w'max) =	0.3 mm	Calculated crack width =	0.22 mm	

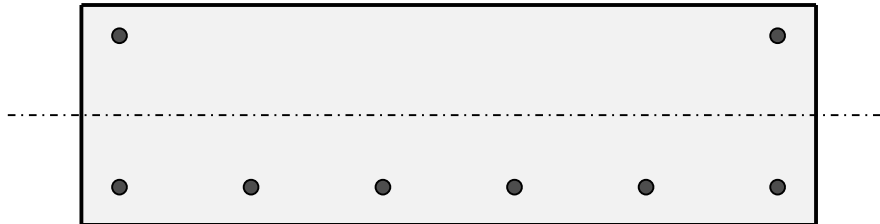


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Reinf't: 6.0-N20 bottom tensile
2.0-N20 top compression
Ligs: N12 spacer (No ligs)

Preview





Strength in Bending

$$\begin{aligned}\alpha_2 (\alpha_2 = 0.85 - 0.0015 \cdot f'_c) &= 0.790 (\alpha_2 \geq 0.67) & \text{Eq 8.1.3(1)} \\ \gamma_2 (\gamma_2 = 0.97 - 0.0025 \cdot f'_c) &= 0.870 (\gamma_2 \geq 0.67) & \text{Eq 8.1.3(2)} \\ \text{Max. concrete strain } (\epsilon_u) &= 0.0030 \\ \text{Max. steel strain } (\epsilon_{sy} = f_{sy}/E_s) &= 0.0025 \\ k_u.b = \epsilon_u / (\epsilon_u + f_{sy}/E_s) &= 0.545\end{aligned}$$

Positive (+ve) bending

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Steel ratio } (\rho) &= 0.0076 \\ \text{Compression equation valid (Rect)} &= \text{Yes} \\ \text{Bar} &= 20 \text{ mm} \\ \text{Centres} &= 179.2 \text{ mm} \\ \text{Tensile cover} &= 30 \text{ mm} \\ \text{A}_{st} &= 1885 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m} \\ \text{A}_{sc} &= 628 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m} \\ d_s &= 248 \text{ mm} \\ d_{s,max} &= 248 \text{ mm} \\ d_c &= 42 \text{ mm} \\ b &= 1000 \text{ mm}\end{aligned}$$

Compression steel at yield (γ_{kud} in flange if T or L)

$$\begin{aligned}k_u &= 0.092 & \text{WRH Eq 4.49} \\ \epsilon_{st} &= 0.0296 & \text{WRH Eq 4.50} \\ \epsilon_{sc} &= -0.0025 & \text{WRH Eq 4.51} \\ \text{Valid } (\epsilon_{st}, \epsilon_{sc} \geq \epsilon_{sy}) &= 0 \text{ (0=No, 1=Yes)} \\ \mu_u &= 0.0 \text{ kNm} & \text{WRH Eq 4.53}\end{aligned}$$

Compression steel not at yield (γ_{kud} in flange if T or L)

$$\begin{aligned}u_1 &= -0.08294 & \text{WRH Eq 4.56} \\ u_2 &= -0.00936 & \text{WRH Eq 4.57} \\ k_u &= 0.147 & \text{WRH Eq 4.55} \\ k_{ud} \text{ (with A}_{sc} \text{, if in flange)} &= 36.4 \text{ mm} & \text{Comp. steel ignored in tension} \\ \gamma_{kud} \text{ (if in flange)} &= 29.8 \text{ mm} & \text{A}_{sc}=0\text{mm}^2 \text{ for } k_u \text{ calc.} \\ \text{Compression steel in compression} &= 0 \text{ (0=No, 1=Yes)} \\ k_{ud} &= 34.3 \text{ mm} \\ \mu_u \text{ (if } \gamma_{kud} \text{ in flange)} &= 219.7 \text{ kNm} & \text{WRH Eq 4.58}\end{aligned}$$

$$M^* = 108.78 \text{ kNm}$$

$$t_f = 0 \text{ mm}$$

$$t_{f,min} \text{ (rect. design)} = 0.0 \text{ mm} \quad \text{LC Eq 3.7(9)}$$

Negative (-ve) bending

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Steel ratio } (\rho) &= 0.0024 \\ \text{Bar} &= 20 \text{ mm} \\ \text{Centres} &= 896.0 \text{ mm} \\ \text{Tensile cover} &= 20 \text{ mm} \\ \text{A}_{st} &= 628 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m} \\ \text{A}_{sc} &= 628 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m} & \text{Area Limited to A}_{st} \\ d_s &= 258 \text{ mm} \\ d_{s,max} &= 258 \text{ mm} \\ d_c &= 52 \text{ mm} \\ b &= 1000 \text{ mm}\end{aligned}$$

Compression steel at yield

$$\begin{aligned}k_u &= 0.000 & \text{WRH Eq 4.49} \\ \epsilon_{st} &= 0.0000 & \text{WRH Eq 4.50} \\ \epsilon_{sc} &= 0.0000 & \text{WRH Eq 4.51} \\ \text{Valid } (\epsilon_{st}, \epsilon_{sc} \geq \epsilon_{sy}) &= 0 \text{ (0=No, 1=Yes)} \\ \mu_u &= 0.0 \text{ kNm} & \text{WRH Eq 4.53}\end{aligned}$$

Compression steel not at yield

$$\begin{aligned}u_1 &= 0.00886 & \text{WRH Eq 4.56} \\ u_2 &= -0.01071 & \text{WRH Eq 4.57} \\ k_u &= 0.099 \text{ mm} & \text{WRH Eq 4.55} \\ k_{ud} \text{ (with A}_{sc} \text{)} &= 25.6 \text{ mm} & \text{Comp. steel ignored in tension} \\ \gamma_{kud} &= 9.9 \text{ mm} & \text{A}_{sc}=0\text{mm}^2 \text{ for } k_u \text{ calc.} \\ \text{Compression steel in compression} &= 0 \text{ (0=No, 1=Yes)} \\ k_{ud} &= 11.4 \text{ mm} \\ \mu_u &= 79.5 \text{ kNm} & \text{WRH Eq 4.58}\end{aligned}$$

Calculation for T or L beam with of y_{kud} not in the flange - Not applicable

k_u in flange = 1 (0=No, 1=Yes)
 k_{ud} (if in web) = 34.3 mm
 μ_u (if y_{kud} in web) = 219.7 kNm RCB - Eq 3.78

Design k_{ud} = 34.3 mm
 y_{kud} = 29.8 mm
Comp. bar in compr. = 0 (0=No, 1=Yes)
 ϵ_s = 0.0187
 T_s = 942.5 kN 500.0 MPa
 ϵ_c = -0.0007
 C_s = 0.0 kN 0.0 MPa
 $C_c = C_w$ = 942.5 kN
 C_f = 0.0 kN
 $T - C_s - C_c$ = 0.0 kN
 k_u = 0.138
 μ_{uo} = 219.7 kNm WRH Eq 4.58

Reinf't ductility class = N (N)ormal,(L)ow
 $k_{uo} = k_{ud}/d_{s,max}$ = 0.138
 $\phi = 1.24 - 13 * k_{uo}/12$ = 0.850 (0.65 $\leq \phi \leq$ 0.85) Table 2.2.2(b)(i) for N Class
Capacity ($\phi\mu_{uo}$) = 186.7 kNm
Ast req'd = 1068 mm²/m
Factor - $\phi\mu_{uo}/(\phi * f_{sy} * A_{st} * d_s)$ = 0.940

Design k_{ud} = 11.4 mm
 y_{kud} = 9.9 mm
Comp. bar in compr. = 0 (0=No, 1=Yes)
 ϵ_s = 0.0647
 T_s = 314.2 kN 500.0 MPa
 ϵ_c = -0.0107
 C_s = 0.0 kN 0.0 MPa
 C_c = 314.2 kN
 $T - C_s - C_c$ = 0.0 kN
 k_u = 0.044
 μ_{uo} = 79.5 kNm

Reinf't ductility class = N (N)ormal,(L)ow
 $k_{uo} = 0.044$
 $\phi = 1.24 - 13 * k_{uo}/12$ = 0.850 (0.65 $\leq \phi \leq$ 0.85) Table 2.2.2(b)(i) for N Class
Capacity ($\phi\mu_{uo}$) = 67.6 kNm
Ast req'd = 0 mm²/m
Factor - $\phi\mu_{uo}/(\phi * f_{sy} * A_{st} * d_s)$ = 0.981

Minimum strength requirements - Cl 8.1.6.1

Positive (+ve) bending

Uncracked neutral axis (u_k) = 0.506 OS RCB-1.1(1) Fig 5.3
Depth of uncracked neutral axis $NA = u_k * D$ = 152 mm
Uncracked factor for stiffness (u_k) = 1.057
 $I_{uncrk} = u_k * W * D^3 / 12$ = 2379 x10⁶ mm⁴ OS RCB-1.1(1) Eq 7.2(2)
 $Z_b = I_{uncrk} / (D - NA)$ = 16066 x10³ mm³
Char. flex. tens. strength ($f'_{ct,f} = 0.6 * \sqrt{f'_c}$) = 3.79 MPa Cl 3.1.1.3
(μ_{uo})_{min} = 1.2 * $Z_b * f'_{ct,f}$ = 73.2 kNm Eq 8.1.6.1(1)
Ast.min (μ_{uo})_{min} = 602 mm²

Deemed to comply Ast.min = $[\alpha_b * (D/d)^2 * f'_{ct,f} / f_{sy}] * (b_w * d)$
 α_b = 0.200
Deemed to comply Ast.min = 551 mm²

Actual bar cts = 179 mm

Max. bar cts = 300 mm OK Cl 8.6.1(b)

Side face reinforcement = Not required as face depth $\leq$ 750mm - Face depth = 300mm Cl 8.6.4

Negative (-ve) bending

Uncracked (u_k) = 0.506 OS RCB-1.1(1) Fig 5.3
Depth of uncracked NA = 152 mm
Uncracked (u_k) = 1.057
 $I_{uncrk} = u_k * W * D^3 / 12$ = 2379 x10⁶ mm⁴ OS RCB-1.1(1) Eq 7.2(2)
 $Z_t = I_{uncrk} / NA$ = 15661 x10³ mm³
(μ_{uo})_{min} = 1.2 * $Z_t * f'_{ct,f}$ = 71.3 kNm Eq 8.1.6.1(1)
Ast.min (μ_{uo})_{min} = 563 mm²

Deemed to comply Ast.min = $[\alpha_b * (D/d)^2 * f'_{ct,f} / f_{sy}] * (b_w * d)$ Cl 8.1.6.1
 α_b = 0.200
Deemed to comply Ast.min = 529 mm²

Actual bar cts = 896 mm

Max. bar cts = 300 mm No Good Cl 8.6.1(b)



Crack control of beams - Cl 8.6

Interior environment with $\epsilon_{csd.b} = 800 \times 10^{-6}$, $\epsilon_{cs} = 540 \times 10^{-6}$

Uncracked NA =	152 mm	OS RCB-1.1(1) Fig 5.3
Uncracked u_k =	1.06	
$I_{uncrk} = u_k \cdot W \cdot D^3 / 12 =$	2379 $\times 10^6$ mm ⁴	OS RCB-1.1(1) Eq 7.2(2)

Positive (+ve) bending

Tension on bottom face = N20 bars

Tensile area of conc. prior to cracking (Act) =	148087 mm ²	
Tensile area of conc. (mid-depth) (Actm) =	150000 mm ²	
Tensile area of conc. (Uncracked) (Actn) =	148087 mm ²	
Cracked neutral axis (k) =	0.262	OS RCB-1.1(1) Fig 5.7
Depth of cracked NA = $k \cdot d_s$ =	65 mm	
Cracked factor for stiffness (k) =	0.377	
$I_{cr} = \kappa \cdot W \cdot d_s^3 / 12 =$	480 $\times 10^6$ mm ⁴	

Steel tensile stress (σ_{scr1}) = 188 MPa

Max. tensile stress (bar) ($\sigma_{scr.max}$) =	195 MPa	Table 8.6.2.2(A)
Max. tensile stress (cts) ($\sigma_{scr.max}$) =	233 MPa	Table 8.6.2.2(B)
Max. tensile stress ($\sigma_{scr.max}$) =	233 MPa	
	OK (0.81)	

Outermost steel tensile stress (σ_{scr}) = 188 MPa

Max. tensile stress ($\sigma_{scr1.max} = 0.8 \cdot f_{sy}$) =	400 MPa	Cl 8.6.2.2
	OK (0.47)	

AS 3600 - 2009

Max. tensile stress (bar) ($\sigma_{scr.max}$) =	242 MPa	Table 8.6.1(A)
Max. tensile stress (cts) ($\sigma_{scr.max}$) =	257 MPa	Table 8.6.1(B)
Max. tensile stress ($\sigma_{scr.max}$) =	257 MPa	

Negative (-ve) bending

Tension on top face = N20 bars - Not applicable

Reverse bending (Act) =	151913 mm ²	
Reverse bending (Actm) =	150000 mm ²	
Reverse bending (Uncracked) (Actn) =	151913 mm ²	
Cracked (k) =	0.161	
Depth of cracked NA =	42 mm	
Cracked (k) =	0.143	
$I_{cr} = \kappa \cdot W \cdot d_s^3 / 12 =$	204 $\times 10^6$ mm ⁴	

Steel tensile stress (σ_{scr1}) = 522 MPa

bar $\sigma_{scr.max}$ =	195 MPa	Table 8.6.2.2(A)
cts $\sigma_{scr.max}$ =	0 MPa	Table 8.6.2.2(B)
$\sigma_{scr.max}$ =	195 MPa	

No Good (2.68)

Outermost steel tensile stress (σ_{scr}) = 522 MPa

$\sigma_{scr1.max} = 0.8 \cdot f_{sy}$ =	400 MPa	Cl 8.6.2.2
	No Good (1.31)	

bar $\sigma_{scr.max}$ =	242 MPa	Table 8.6.1(A)
cts $\sigma_{scr.max}$ =	0 MPa	Table 8.6.1(B)
$\sigma_{scr.max}$ =	242 MPa	



Crack control of beams by calculation of crack widths - Cl 8.6

Design shrinkage strain (ϵ_{cs}) =	540 $\times 10^{-6}$	Cl 3.1.7.2	(Refer Creep/Shrinkage)			
Constant sustained stress (σ_o) =	0 MPa	Cl 3.1.8.1	(Refer Creep/Shrinkage)			
Creep coefficient (ϕ_{cc}) =	2.316	Cl 3.1.8.3	(Refer Creep/Shrinkage)			
Eff. modular ratio (n_e) = $(1+\phi_{cc}) \cdot E_s/E_c$ =	20.3	Cl 8.6.2.3				
$h_{c,eff} = \min(2.5 \cdot (D-d_s), (D-N_A)/3, D/2)$ =	78.3 mm	Cl 8.6.2.3		$h_{c,eff}$ =	86.1 mm	Cl 8.6.2.3
$h_{c,effa} = \min(h_{c,eff}, D\text{-cracked NA})$ =	78.3 mm			$h_{c,effa} = \min(h_{c,eff}, \text{cracked NA})$ =	41.6 mm	
Eff. area of concrete in tension ($A_{c,eff}$) =	78336 mm ²	Cl 8.6.2.3		$A_{c,eff}$ =	41613 mm ²	Cl 8.6.2.3
Reinforcement ratio (ρ_{eff}) = $A_{st}/A_{c,eff}$ =	0.024	Cl 8.6.2.3		ρ_{eff} =	0.015	Cl 8.6.2.3
$\epsilon_{dm,min} = (\epsilon_{sm} - \epsilon_{cm})_{min} = 0.6 \cdot \sigma_{scr}/E_s$ =	565 $\times 10^{-6}$	Eq 8.6.2.3(2)		$\epsilon_{dm,min}$ =	1566 $\times 10^{-6}$	Eq 8.6.2.3(2)
Strain in tensile steel = σ_{scr}/E_s =	941 $\times 10^{-6}$	Eq 8.6.2.3(2)		σ_{scr}/E_s =	2610 $\times 10^{-6}$	Eq 8.6.2.3(2)
Flexural tensile $f'_{ct,f} = 0.6 \cdot \sqrt{f'_c}$ =	3.79 MPa	Cl 3.1.1.3				
Char. uniaxial tensile ($f_{ct} = 0.6 \cdot f'_{ct,f}$) =	2.28 MPa	Cl 3.1.1.3				
Mean char. ($f_{ct,m} = 1.4 \cdot f_{ct}$) =	3.19 MPa	Cl 3.1.1.3		Mean ($f_{ct,m} = 1.4 \cdot f_{ct}$) =	3.19 MPa	Cl 3.1.1.3
$-0.6 \cdot f_{ct,m}/(E_s \cdot \rho_{eff})$ =	-397 $\times 10^{-6}$			$-0.6 \cdot f_{ct,m}/(E_s \cdot \rho_{eff})$ =	-633 $\times 10^{-6}$	
$1+n_e \cdot \rho_{eff}$ =	1.489			$1+n_e \cdot \rho_{eff}$ =	1.307	
Design shrinkage strain ϵ_{cs} =	540 $\times 10^{-6} \pm 30\%$			Design shrinkage strain ϵ_{cs} =	540 $\times 10^{-6} \pm 30\%$	
$\epsilon_1 = \sigma_{scr}/E_s - 0.6 \cdot f_{ct}/(E_s \cdot \rho_{eff}) \cdot (1+n_e \cdot \rho_{eff}) + \epsilon_{cs}$ =	889 $\times 10^{-6}$			$\epsilon_{dm,1}$ =	2323 $\times 10^{-6}$	
$\epsilon_{dm} = \epsilon_{sm} - \epsilon_{cm} = \max(\epsilon_{dm,min}, \epsilon_{dm,1})$ =	889 $\times 10^{-6}$	Eq 8.6.2.3(2)		$\epsilon_{dm} = \epsilon_{sm} - \epsilon_{cm}$ =	2323 $\times 10^{-6}$	Eq 8.6.2.3(2)
Axial (N^*) =	0 kN (Tension -ve)					
Cross section area (A_{rea}) =	300000 mm ²					
Stress from axial (σ_{axial}) =	0.00 MPa			ϵ_{Axial} =	0 $\times 10^{-6}$ (Tension +ve)	
Strain from axial (ϵ_{axial}) =	0 $\times 10^{-6}$ (Tension +ve)			ϵ_t =	3117 $\times 10^{-6}$	
Tensile strain at top (ϵ_t) =	-260 $\times 10^{-6}$			ϵ_b =	-420 $\times 10^{-6}$	
Tensile strain at bottom (ϵ_b) =	1208 $\times 10^{-6}$			$\epsilon_1 = \max(\epsilon_t, \epsilon_b)$ =	3117 $\times 10^{-6}$	Cl 8.6.2.3
$\epsilon_1 = \max(\epsilon_t, \epsilon_b)$ =	1208 $\times 10^{-6}$	Cl 8.6.2.3		$\epsilon_2 = \min(\epsilon_t, \epsilon_b)$ =	0 $\times 10^{-6}$	Cl 8.6.2.3
$\epsilon_2 = \min(\epsilon_t, \epsilon_b)$ =	0 $\times 10^{-6}$	Cl 8.6.2.3				
Bar shape =	D (P)Iain,(D)eformed			Bar shape =	D (P)Iain,(D)eformed	
Coefficient for bonded reinforcement (k_1) =	0.8	Cl 8.6.2.3		k_1 =	0.8	Cl 8.6.2.3
Coefficient for long. strain dist. (k_2) =	0.50	Cl 8.6.2.3		k_2 =	0.50	Cl 8.6.2.3
Bar centres (cts) =	179 mm			Bar centres (cts) =	896 mm	
Clear cover to long. reinf't ($c = \text{cover} + \text{ligs}$) =	42 mm			Clear cover ($c = \text{cover} + \text{ligs}$) =	32 mm	
Max. bar spacing ($5 \cdot (c + 0.5 \cdot d_b)$) =	260 mm			Maximum bar spacing (cts) =	210 mm	
$sr_{max,1} = 1.3 \cdot (D - k_d)$ =	306 mm	Eq 8.6.2.3(3)		$sr_{max,1}$ =	336 mm	Eq 8.6.2.3(3)
$sr_{max,2} = 3.4 \cdot c + 0.3 \cdot k_1 \cdot k_2 \cdot d_b / \rho_{eff}$ =	243 mm	Eq 8.6.2.3(3)		$sr_{max,2}$ =	268 mm	Eq 8.6.2.3(3)
$sr_{max} = \min(sr_{max,1}, sr_{max,2})$ =	243 mm			$sr_{max} = \min(sr_{max,1}, sr_{max,2})$ =	268 mm	
Max. final crack spacing (sr_{max}) =	243 mm	Eq 8.6.2.3(1)		Max. final crack spacing (sr_{max}) =	0 mm	Eq 8.6.2.3(1)
Char. maximum crack width (w_{max}) =	0.3 mm	Cl 8.6.2.2				
Calculated crack width (w) =	0.216 mm	Eq 8.6.2.3(3)	OK	w =	0.622 mm	Eq 8.6.2.3(3) No Good



Tweed Heads

EBNI

Page:

Project No.: 19-0001

Designed: AS

Analysis Beam [Span 1 (M1), 1.2 DLxg + 1.5 LL]

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Primary reinforcement

Minimum for strength =	1068 mm ²	3.4-N20
Deemed-to-comply minimum =	551 mm ²	1.8-N20
Actual minimum for ϕM_{uo} =	602 mm ²	1.9-N20



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Section:	(Analysis Beam [Span 1 (M1), 1.2 DLxg + 1.5 LL]) 300mm (D) x 1000mm (W) beam, $f'_c=40\text{MPa}$		
Reinf't:	6.0-N20 bottom tensile, N12 spacer (No ligs) anchored in compr. zone 2.0-N20 top compression No ligs required		
Strength:	$V^* = 0.0\text{kN} \leq k_s \cdot \phi V_{uc} = 213.3\text{kN}$, $V^* = 0.0\text{kN} \leq \phi V_u = 213.3\text{kN}$ - No shear ligs required	OK (0.00)	
	$\phi V_{uc} = 213.3\text{kN}$, $\phi V_{u,\min} = 332.6\text{kN}$, $\phi V_{us} = 0.0\text{kN}$		
Torsion:	$T^* = 0.0\text{kNm} \leq \phi T_{us} = 0.0\text{kNm}$ - No torsion ligs required	OK (0.00)	
	$0.25\phi T_{cr} = 12.6\text{kNm}$, $\phi T_{cr} = 50.6\text{kNm}$		
Combined:	$V_{\text{comb}}^* = 0.0\text{kN} \leq \phi V_{u,\max} = 1424.3\text{kN}$	OK (0.00)	
Add'l reinf't:	Additional tensile shear reinforcement not required at Manual location		

Strength of beams in shear - Cl 8.2 - Design actions

Warning - Capacity only valid for current combination of V^* and M^*

Analysis values =	M	(M)anual, (L)eft, Position (X) from analysis, (R)ight, (C)ritical
Manual shear (V^*) =	0.0 kN	Design shear (V^*) = 0 kN
Manual moment (M^*) =	108.8 kNm	Design moment (M^*) = 109 kNm (+ve or -ve)
Manual section max. moment ($M_{\max}^*$) =	108.8 kNm	Section Max. ($M_{\max}^*$) = 109 kNm (+ve or -ve)
		(blank = M^*)
Axial (N^*) =	0 kN (Tension -ve) (Refer column for bending/axial capacity)	
Torsion (T^*) =	0 kNm	
do (+ve bending) =	248 mm	dv (+ve bending) = 223 mm
do (-ve bending) =	258 mm	dv (-ve bending) = 232 mm

Consideration of torsion - Cl 8.2.1.2

No torsion - Torsional reinf't not required

$\phi T_{cr} = \phi \cdot 0.33 \cdot \sqrt{f'_c} \cdot (A_{cp}/u_c) \sqrt{1 + (\sigma_{cp}/(0.33 \cdot \sqrt{f'_c}))}$ =	50.6 kNm	Cl 8.2.1.2(2) - Refer below
$0.25 \cdot \phi T_{cr}$ =	12.6 kNm	Cl 8.2.1.2(1)
Consider torsional effects ($T^* > 0.25 \cdot \phi T_{cr}$) =	N (Y)es,(N)o	Cl 8.2.1.2
$T^*/0.25\phi T_{cr}$ =	0.00	Cl 8.2.1.2(1)
Torsion ignored, V^* =	0.0 kN	No torsion (0.00)

Strength of beams in shear - Cl 8.2

Use Simplified method =	N (Y)es,(N)o	
Max. nominal aggregate size (dg) =	16 mm	(General method)
Lightweight concrete =	N (Y)es,(N)o	(General method)
Cracking in compression zone =	N (Y)es,(N)o	Cl 8.2.4.5

Reinforcement - No shear ligs required

Description =	N12 spacer (No ligs)	Ignore ligs =	Y (Y)es,(N)o
Lig size =	12 mm	Leg area (A_{sl}) =	0 mm ²
Spacing (s) =	225 mm	$A_{sv,\text{req'd}}$ =	0 mm ² (2-0.0mm dia.)
Legs in cross-section =	2	$s_{\text{req'd}}$ =	0 mm
Steel yield strength ($f_{sy,f}$) =	500 MPa	s_{max} =	0 mm
Fitment class =	N (N)ormal,(L)ow	$s_{\text{max,t}}$ =	0 mm
Angle between shear & tensile reinf't (α_v) =	90.0 °		

Shear spacing - Cl 8.3.2.2

Max. cts = $0.75 \cdot D$ =	225 mm < 500mm	Ligs area (A_{sv}) =	0 mm ²
Max. cts =	225 mm	Adopted ligs area (A_{sv}) =	0 mm ²
		$A_{sv,\min}$ =	228 mm ² (2-12.0mm dia.)

Transverse spacing - Cl 8.3.2.2

Transverse spacing =	928 mm	Waive max. spacing =	N (Y)es,(N)o
Max.transverse spacing =	300 mm	Waive transv. spacing =	N (Y)es,(N)o

Torsion spacing - Cl 8.3.3

		Lig area (A_{sw}) =	0 mm ²
Max. cts = $0.12 \cdot u_h$ =	279 mm < 300mm	Adopted ligs area (A_{sw}) =	0 mm ²
Max. cts =	280 mm	$A_{sw,\min}$ =	114 mm ² (12.0mm dia.)

**Tensile reinforcement within tensile D/2 (Used for General Method and additional longitudinal forces):**

Ast Req'd for M* =	1068 mm ² (3.4-N20)	Bottom bars in tension
4-N20 =	1257 mm ²	
Design (Ast) =	1885 mm ² (6-N20)	Design (Asc) = 628 mm ² (2-N20)
Manual (Ast) =	mm ² (blank = design)	Manual (Asc) = mm ² (blank = design)
Adopted (Ast) =	1885 mm ² (6-N20)	Adopted (Asc) = 628 mm ² (2-N20)
Ast req'd for Mmax* =	1068 mm ² (3.4-N20)	

Concrete contribution to shear strength - Cl 8.2.4

do = ds.max =	248 mm	
Dist. to centroid of D/2 tensile reinf't (ds) =	248 mm	(Positive bending, bottom bars in tension)
Effective shear depth dv = max(0.72*D, 0.9*ds) =	223 mm	Cl 8.2.1.9
Effective flange (bv) =	1000 mm	

Simple method for kv & θv - Cl 8.2.4.3

Asv < Asv.min, kvo = 200/(1000+1.3*dv) =	0.155	Eq 8.2.4.3(1)
Asv < Asv.min, kv = min(kvo, 0.15) =	0.150	Eq 8.2.4.3(1)
Angle of inclination of concrete comp. strut (θv) =	36.0 °	
Long. mid-depth concrete strain (εx) = 0.85*fsy/(2*Es) =	1062.5 x10 ⁻⁶	

General method for kv & θv - Cl 8.2.4.2

Tensile area of concrete (Act) =	150000 mm ²	Area between mid depth and tensile fibre
Adopted (Ast) =	1885 mm ²	
Shear only $\epsilon_{x1} \leq 3000 \times 10^{-6}$ =	646.4 x10 ⁻⁶	Eq 8.2.4.2.2(1)
Shear only $-200 \times 10^{-6} \leq \epsilon_{x2}$ (where $\epsilon_{x1} < 0$) ≤ 0 =	0.0 x10 ⁻⁶	Eq 8.2.4.2.2(2)
Shear/torsion $\epsilon_{xt1} \leq 3000 \times 10^{-6}$ =	- x10 ⁻⁶	Eq 8.2.4.2.3(1)
Shear/torsion $-200 \times 10^{-6} \leq \epsilon_{xt2}$ (where $\epsilon_{xt1} < 0$) ≤ 0 =	- x10 ⁻⁶	Eq 8.2.4.2.3(2)
Long. mid-depth concrete strain (εx) =	646.4 x10 ⁻⁶	Cl 8.2.4.2.2
kdg = max(32/(16+dg), 0.8) =	1.000	Eq 8.2.4.2(3)
Asv < Asv.min, kv = (0.4/(1+1500*εx))*(1300/(1000+kdg*dv)) =	0.216	Eq 8.2.4.2(2)
Angle (θv) = (29+7000*εx) =	33.5 °	Eq 8.2.4.2(1)

Adopted kv & θv - General method - Cl 8.2.4.2

kv =	0.216
Angle of inclination of concrete comp. strut (θv) =	33.5 °

Concrete contribution to shear strength - Cl 8.2.4.1

Strength reduction factor (φ) =	0.7	Table 2.2.2(e)
kv =	0.216	General method - Cl 8.2.4.2
Effective flange (bv) =	1000 mm	
Effective shear depth (dv) =	223 mm	Cl 8.2.1.9
min(vf'c, 8.0) =	6.32 MPa	
Vuc = kv*bv*dv*min(vf'c, 8.0) =	304.7 kN	Eq 8.2.4.1
D ≤ 300mm, ks =	1.00	
(φ=0.7)Vuc =	213.3 kN	
(ks=1.00)*(φ=0.7)Vuc =	213.3 kN	Eq 8.2.1.6(1)



Transverse shear and torsion reinforcement contribution - Cl 8.2.5

Strength reduction factor (ϕ) =	0.7	Table 2.2.2(e)	
ϕV_{uc} =	213.3 kN		
Torsion ignored, V^* =	0.0 kN	Cl 8.2.1.2	
Angle between shear & tensile reinforcement (α_v) =	90 °		
Angle (α_{vr}) =	1.571 rad		
Angle of inclination of concrete compression strut (θ_v) =	33.5 °	General method - Cl 8.2.4.2	
Angle (θ_{vr}) =	0.585 rad		
$V_{us} = (A_{sv} \cdot f_{sy} \cdot f \cdot d_v / s) \cdot \cot(\theta_v)$ =	0.0 kN	Eq 8.2.5.2(1)	
ϕV_{us} =	0.0 kN		
$\phi V_u = \phi V_{uc} + \phi V_{us}$ =	213.3 kN		
Ultimate shear strength ($\phi V_u = \phi V_{uc}$) =	213.3 kN	Cl 8.2.3.1	OK (0.00)
$\phi V_{us, req'd} = V^* - \phi V_{uc}$ =	0.0 kN		
$V_{us, req'd}$ =	0.0 kN		
$A_{sv, req'd} = V_{us} / ((A_{sv} \cdot f_{sy} \cdot f \cdot d_v / s) \cdot \cot(\theta_v))$ =	0 mm ² (0.0mm dia.)	Eq 8.2.5.2(1)	
$s_{req'd} = (A_{sv} \cdot f_{sy} \cdot f \cdot d_v / V_{us}) \cdot \cot(\theta_v)$ =	0 mm	Eq 8.2.5.2(1)	

Minimum transverse shear reinforcement - Cl 8.2.1.7

$\sigma_{min} = 0.08 \cdot \sqrt{f'_c}$ =	0.51 MPa	Cl 8.2.1.7
$A_{sv, min} = \sigma_{min} \cdot b_v \cdot s / f_{sy} \cdot f$ =	228 mm ²	Eq 8.2.1.7
$s_{max} = A_{sv} \cdot f_{sy} \cdot f / (\sigma_{min} \cdot b_v)$ =	0 mm	
$V_{us, min} = (A_{sv, min} \cdot f_{sy} \cdot f \cdot d_v / s) \cdot \cot(\theta_v)$ =	170.5 kN	Eq 8.2.1.7
$\phi V_{u, min} = \phi (V_{uc} + V_{us, min})$ =	332.6 kN	

Maximum shear strength limited by web crushing - Cl 8.2.3.3

k_c =	0.55	Cl 8.2.3.3(1)
$V_{u, max} = k_c \cdot [0.9 \cdot f'_c \cdot b_v \cdot d_v \cdot ((\cot(\theta_v) + \cot(\alpha_v)) / (1 + \cot^2(\theta_v)))]$	2034.8 kN	Eq 8.2.3.3(1)
$\phi V_{u, max} = (\phi = 0.7) \cdot V_{u, max}$ =	1424.3 kN	Table 2.2.2(e)(ii)
$\phi V_{us, max} = \phi V_{u, max} - \phi V_{uc}$ =	1211.1 kN	
$A_{sv, max} = \phi V_{us, max} / ((\phi \cdot f_{sy} \cdot f \cdot d_v / s) \cdot \cot(\theta_v))$ =	2311 mm ²	Eq 8.2.5.2(2)
when s =	225 mm	

**Torsional strength of a beam without reinforcement - Cl 8.2.1.2**

Outside perimeter of concrete cross-section (u_c) =	2600 mm	Cl 8.2.1.2
Area enclosed by outside perimeter (A_{cp}) =	300000 mm ²	
Torsional capacity of concrete - Eq 8.2.1.2(2):		
Strength reduction factor (ϕ) =	0.70	Table 2.2.2
σ_{cp} =	0.00 MPa	Cl 8.2.1.2
$T_{cr} = 0.33 \cdot \sqrt{f'_c} \cdot (A_{cp}^2 / u_c) \sqrt{1 + (\sigma_{cp} / (0.33 \cdot \sqrt{f'_c}))}$ =	72.2 kNm	Eq 8.2.1.2(2)
ϕT_{cr} =	50.6 kNm	
$0.25 \cdot \phi T_{cr}$ =	12.6 kNm	
Consider torsional effects ($T^* > 0.25 \cdot \phi T_{cr}$) =	N (Y)es,(N)o	Cl 8.2.1.2
$T^* / 0.25 \phi T_{cr}$ =	0.00	Cl 8.2.1.2(1) No torsion (0.00)

Torsional strength of a beam including reinforcement - Cl 8.2.5.6

$x = \text{Min}(D \ \& \ W) =$	300 mm	$D_{xyo} =$	238 mm	$x_o =$	238 mm
$y = \text{Max}(D \ \& \ W) =$	1000 mm	$W_{xyo} =$	928 mm	$y_o =$	928 mm
Perimeter of torsion ligs (centreline) ($u_h = 2 \cdot (x_o + y_o)$) =	2332 mm				
Area enclosed by ligs ($A_{oh} = x_o \cdot y_o$) =	220864 mm ²				
Enclosed area by shear flow ($A_o = 0.85 \cdot A_{oh}$) =	187734 mm ²				
Angle of inclination of concrete compression strut (θ_v) =	33.5 °				
Angle (θ_{vr}) =	0.585 rad				
Area of ligs (A_{sw}) =	0 mm ²				
$T_{us} = 2.0 \cdot A_o \cdot A_{sw} \cdot f_{sy} \cdot f / s \cdot \cot(\theta_v)$ =	0.0 kNm				Eq 8.2.5.6
ϕT_{us} =	0.0 kNm				
$T^* / \phi T_{us}$ =	0.00				OK (0.00)

Minimum torsional reinforcement - Cl 8.2.5.5

T_{cr} =	72.2 kNm	
$A_{sw.min1} = A_{sv.min} / \text{legs} =$	114 mm ²	Cl 8.2.5.5(b)(i) & Eq 8.2.1.7
$A_{sw.min2} = 0.25 \cdot T_{cr} / (2.0 \cdot A_o \cdot f_{sy} \cdot f / s \cdot \cot(\theta_v)) =$	14 mm ²	Cl 8.2.5.5(b)(ii) & Eq 8.2.5.6
$A_{sw.min} = \text{max}(A_{sw.min1}, A_{sw.min2}) =$	114 mm ²	
$s_{.max1} = A_{sv} \cdot f_{sy} \cdot f / (\sigma_{min} \cdot b_v) =$	0 mm	Cl 8.2.5.5(b)(i) & Eq 8.2.1.7
$s_{.max2} = (2.0 \cdot A_o \cdot A_{sw} \cdot f_{sy} \cdot f \cdot \cot(\theta_v)) / (0.25 \cdot T_{cr}) =$	0 mm	Cl 8.2.5.5(b)(ii) & Eq 8.2.5.6
$s_{.max} = \text{min}(s_{.max1}, s_{.max2}) =$	0 mm	No ligs
$T_{us.min} = 2.0 \cdot A_o \cdot A_{sw.min} \cdot f_{sy} \cdot f / s \cdot \cot(\theta_v) =$	143.4 kNm	Eq 8.2.5.6
$\phi T_{u.min}$ =	100.4 kNm	

Shear and torsional strength limited by crushing - Cl 8.2.3.3

$V^* / (b_v \cdot d_v) =$	0.000 MPa	
$T^* \cdot u_h / (1.7 \cdot A_{oh}^2) =$	0.000 MPa	
$V_{comb\sigma}^* = \sqrt{[(V^* / (b_v \cdot d_v))^2 + (T^* \cdot u_h / (1.7 \cdot A_{oh}^2))^2]} =$	0.000 MPa	Eq 8.2.3.3(5)
$\phi V_{u.max} =$	1424.3 kN	
$V_{comb\sigma.limit} = \phi V_{u.max} / (b_v \cdot d_v) =$	6.381 MPa	Eq 8.2.3.3(5)
$V_{comb}^* = V_{comb\sigma}^* \cdot (b_v \cdot d_v) =$	0.0 kN	
$V_{comb\sigma}^* / V_{comb\sigma.limit}$ or $V_{comb}^* / \phi V_{u.max} =$	0.00	OK (0.00)

**Additional longitudinal tension forces caused by shear and torsion - Cl 8.2.7 (Not applicable)**

M^*	=	108.8 kNm	
V^*	=	0.0 kN	
T^*	=	0.0 kNm	
N^*	=	0.0 kN	
Steel area req'd (Ast.req'd)	=	1068 mm ²	
Adopted area (Ast)	=	1885 mm ²	
Lever z = $ds*(1-fsy*Ast/(2*\alpha2*f'c*bw*ds))$	=	233 mm	
Compressive steel area (Asc)	=	628 mm ²	
$u_o = 0.92*uh$	=	2145 mm	
$0.5*(V^*+\phi Vuc)$	=	106.6 kN > V^*	(Limited)
Shear contribution $\Delta Ftds^* = V^*.*cot(\theta v)$	=	0.0 kN	Eq 8.2.7(2)
Torsion contribution $\Delta Ftdt^* = (Ignored)$	=	0.0 kN	Eq 8.2.7(3)
$\Delta Ftd^* = \Delta Ftds + \Delta Ftdt^*$	=	0.0 kN	Eq 8.2.7(1)

Flexural tension side Normal ductility reinforcement

Strength reduction factor in bending (ϕ_{bt})	=	0.85	
Strength reduction factor on tension (ϕ_{tt})	=	0.85	Table 2.2.2(b)
Flexural tensile side = $Ttd^* = (M^*/z-N^*/2+\Delta Ftd^*)$	=	466.7 kN	Eq 8.2.8.2(1)
$Ast = \Delta Ttd^*/(\phi_{tt}*fsy)$	=	1098 mm ²	Eq 8.2.8.2(2)
Add'l Ast = min(Max. Ast.Req'd, Ast) - Ast prov'd	=	0 mm ²	
Add'l reinf't req'd	=	0.0-N20	

Flexural compression side Normal ductility reinforcement

Strength reduction factor in bending (ϕ_{bc})	=	0.85	
Strength reduction factor on compression side (ϕ_{tc})	=	0.85	Table 2.2.2(b)
Flexural compression side = $Tcd^* = (-M^*/z-N^*/2+\Delta Ftd^*)$	=	0.0 kN	Eq 8.2.8.3(1)
$Asc = \Delta Tcd^*/(\phi_{tc}*fsy)$	=	0 mm ²	Eq 8.2.8.3(2)
Add'l Asc = Asc - Asc prov'd	=	0 mm ²	
Add'l reinf't req'd	=	0.0-N20	

Section: (Analysis Beam [Span 1 (M1), 1.2 DLxg + 1.5 LL]) 300mm (D) x 1000mm (W) beam, $f'_c=40\text{MPa}$

Reinf't: 2-N20 top, 6-N20 bottom (Additional reo specified)

Defl'n: $\delta_{dl} = 9.7\text{mm}$, $\delta_{ll} = 0.0\text{mm}$, $\delta_{inc} = 9.7\text{mm}$, $\delta_{total} = 15.8\text{mm}$ (span = 5000mm, L/316)

OK

ocs for Interior environment with $\epsilon_{csd.b} = -800 \times 10^{-6}$, $\epsilon_{cs} = -540 \times 10^{-6}$

Deflections - CI 8.5.3 Fixed-End Beam at 4782mm from LHS

Concrete density (ρ) =	2400 kg/m ³ CI 3.1.3	Gross area (A_g) =	300000 mm ²
Use f_{cmi} ? =	Y (Y)es,(N)o	Uncr.g. neutral axis (NA) =	150 mm from top
f_{cmi} =	43.3 MPa	Gross Stiffness (I_g) =	2250 x10 ⁶ mm ⁴ (w/o reinf't)
Deflection at =	M (M)anual, (C)ritical, (L)eft, Position (X) from analysis, (R)ight		
Position (x) =	Manual mm	Steel Modulus (E_s) =	200000 MPa CI 3.2.2
Span type =	Manual Mod. of elast. ($E_c = \rho^{1.5} \cdot (0.024 \cdot \sqrt{f_{cmi}} + 0.12)$) =	32668 MPa $\pm 20\%$ CI 3.1.2	
		Modular ratio ($n = E_s/E_c$) =	6.122

Deflection calculation - Interior/Fixed

	Left	At x	Right	Units	
Manual ultimate (M^*) =	-217.6	108.8	-217.6	kNm	At x = 0 for cantilever
Manual short-term serviceability (M_s^*) =	-161.2	80.6	-161.2	kNm	
Analysis ultimate (M^*) =	-217.6	108.8	-217.6	kNm	Red values of M^*/M_s^* manually input
Analysis short-term serviceability (M_s^*) =	-161.2	80.6	-161.2	kNm	
Top reinf't:					
Ast req'd =	2122	0	2122	mm ²	Manual:
Design Ast =	2827	628	2827	mm ²	Short term LL factor (ψ_s) = 0.70
Ast =	2827	628	2827	mm ²	Long term LL factor (ψ_l) = 0.40
	9.0-N20	2.0-N20	9.0-N20		Short term LL factor (ψ_s) = 0.70
Bottom reinf't:					Long term LL factor (ψ_l) = 0.40
Ast req'd =	0	1068	0	mm ²	
Design Ast =	628	1885	628	mm ²	
Ast =	628	1885	628	mm ²	
	2.0-N20	6.0-N20	2.0-N20		
Uncracked NA =	146	152	146	mm	OS RCB-1.1(1) Fig 5.3
Uncracked u_k =	1.087	1.057	1.087	x10 ⁶ mm ⁴	
$l_{uncrk} = u_k \cdot W \cdot D^3 / 12$ =	2445	2379	2445	x10 ⁶ mm ⁴	OS RCB-1.1(1) Eq 7.2(2)
Tensile steel (Ast) =	2827	1885	2827	mm ²	
Depth to d_s =	258	248	258	mm (From comp. face)	
Comp. steel (Asc) =	628	628	628	mm ²	
d_c =	52	42	52	mm (From comp. face)	
Cracked κ =	0.305	0.262	0.305	mm	OS RCB-1.1(1) Fig 5.7
Depth to cracked NA = $\kappa \cdot d_s$ =	78.8	65.0	78.8	mm (From top)	
Use Comp. steel =	Yes	Yes	Yes		
y_t =	146	148	146	mm (From tensile fibre)	
Design shrinkage strain ϵ_{cs} =	540	540	540	x10 ⁻⁶ $\pm 30\%$	Interior env. refer Shrinkage tab
W =	1000	1000	1000	mm	
Tension steel ratio ($\rho_w = \text{Ast} / (d_s \cdot W)$) =	0.0110	0.0076	0.0110		
Comp. steel ratio ($\rho_w = \text{Asc} / ((D - d_c) \cdot W)$) =	0.0025	0.0024	0.0025		
σ_{cs} =	1.77	1.33	1.77	MPa	
$M_{cr} = (f'_{ct.f} - \sigma_{cs}) \cdot I_g / y_t$ =	33.9	39.5	33.9	kNm	$f'_{ct.f} = 3.79$ MPa
Cracked k_c =	0.504	0.377	0.504		OS RCB-1.1(1) Fig 5.7
$l_{cr} = k_c \cdot W \cdot d_s^3 / 12$ =	721	480	721	x10 ⁶ mm ⁴	
$l_{ef,max}$ =	2250	2250	2250	x10 ⁶ mm ⁴	CI 8.5.3.1
l_{ef} =	744	594	744	x10 ⁶ mm ⁴	
$l_{av} = \text{Interior/Fixed} - (M + (L + R) / 2) / 2 = 669 \times 10^6$ mm ⁴					
Ratio l_{uncrk} / l_{av} =	3.56	l_{uncrk} at position x			
$k_{cs} = [2 - 1.2 \cdot (\text{Asc} / \text{Ast})] \geq 0.8$ =	1.600	k_{cs} at position x			CI 8.5.3.2

Deflection summary - Manual values

		Manual Values:
Gross $\delta_{dl.g.imm}$ =	1.7 mm	Gross $\delta_{dl.g.imm}$ = 1.71 mm
Gross $\delta_{ll.g.imm}$ =	0.0 mm	Gross $\delta_{ll.g.imm}$ = 0.00 mm
Short term $\delta_{short} = [\delta_{dl.g} + \psi_s \cdot \delta_{ll.g}] \cdot l_{uncrk} / l_{ef}$ =	6.1 mm	Short term $\delta_{dl.short}$ = 6.1 mm
Sustained $\delta_{sus} = [\delta_{dl.g} + \psi_l \cdot \delta_{ll.g}] \cdot l_{uncrk} / l_{ef}$ =	6.1 mm	Short term $\delta_{ll.short}$ = 0.0 mm
Long term $\delta_{long} = k_{cs} \cdot \delta_{sus}$ =	9.7 mm	Long term $\delta_{dl.long}$ = 9.7 mm
Incremental $\delta_{inc} = \delta_{long} + \delta_{ll.short}$ =	9.7 mm	Long term $\delta_{ll.long}$ = 0.0 mm
		Total $\delta_{dl.total}$ = 15.8 mm
Total $\delta_{total} = \delta_{short} + \delta_{long}$ =	15.8 mm	Span / 316



CONCRETE MEMBER V5.13

Engineering Building & Infrastructure Pty Ltd

Section: (Analysis Beam [Span 1 (M1), 1.2 DLxg + 1.5 LL]) 300mm (D) x 1000mm (W) beam, f'c=40MPa

Defl'n: $\delta.dl = 9.7\text{mm}$, $\delta.ll = 0.0\text{mm}$, $\delta.inc = 9.7\text{mm}$, $\delta_{total} = 15.8\text{mm}$ (span = 5000mm, L/316)

OK

Results - Pos 16 of 31 at 2500mm (3)

Average lef based on (lav) = $(M + (L + R) / 2) / 2$

Position mm	Top Reinf't	Spacing mm	Bot. Reinf't	Spacing mm	Shear Ligs	Legs	M* kNm	V* kN	N* kN	T* kNm	Ratio M	Ratio V	Saved / Comments / Errors
0	9-N20	112	2-N20	896	*		-217.6	261.1			0.93	0.42	[Ouside dv] [Reo.δ] [3 iter.s]
218	7-N20	149	2-N20	896	*		-163.2	238.3			0.95	0.39	[Ouside dv] [3/4xM*-] [2 iter.s]
232	7-N20	149	2-N20	896	N12-225 cts	5	-159.8	236.8			0.93	0.38	[dvLeft] [2 iter.s]
459	6-N20	179	2-N20	896	N12-225 cts	5	-108.8	213.2			0.78	0.43	[1/2xM*-] [3 iter.s]
500	6-N20	179	2-N20	896	N12-225 cts	5	-100.1	208.9			0.51	0.41	[3 iter.s]
637	5-N20	224	2-N20	896	N12 spacer	2	-72.5	194.6			0.66	0.99	[1/3xM*-] [2 iter.s]
732	4-N20	299	2-N20	896	N12 spacer	2	-54.4	184.6			0.67	0.96	[1/4xM*-]
1000	4-N20	299	2-N20	896	N12 spacer	2	-8.7	156.6			0.79	0.70	
1057	2-N20	896	4-N20	299	N12 spacer	2	0.0	150.7			0.00	0.68	[M*=0 point]
1250	2-N20	896	4-N20	299	N12 spacer	2	27.2	130.5			0.35	0.55	[1/4xM*]
1322	2-N20	896	4-N20	299	N12 spacer	2	36.3	123.1			0.46	0.54	[1/3xM*]
1479	2-N20	896	4-N20	299	N12 spacer	2	54.4	106.6			0.70	0.52	[1/2xM*]
1500	2-N20	896	7-N20	149	N12 spacer	2	56.6	104.4			0.93	0.40	[3 iter.s]
1778	2-N20	896	5-N20	224	N12 spacer	2	81.6	75.4			0.77	0.37	[3/4xM*] [2 iter.s]
2000	2-N20	896	9-N20	112	N12 spacer	2	95.7	52.2			0.91	0.20	[3 iter.s]
2500	2-N20	896	6-N20	179	N12 spacer	2	108.8	0.0			0.81	0.00	[Max.δ] [Reo.δ] [V*=0] [3 iter.s]
3000	2-N20	896	9-N20	112	N12 spacer	2	95.7	-52.2			0.91	0.20	[3 iter.s]
3222	2-N20	896	5-N20	224	N12 spacer	2	81.6	-75.4			0.77	0.37	[3/4xM*] [2 iter.s]
3500	2-N20	896	7-N20	149	N12 spacer	2	56.6	-104.4			0.93	0.40	[3 iter.s]
3521	2-N20	896	4-N20	299	N12 spacer	2	54.4	-106.6			0.70	0.52	[1/2xM*]
3678	2-N20	896	4-N20	299	N12 spacer	2	36.3	-123.1			0.46	0.54	[1/3xM*]
3750	2-N20	896	4-N20	299	N12 spacer	2	27.2	-130.5			0.35	0.55	[1/4xM*]
3943	2-N20	896	4-N20	299	N12 spacer	2	0.0	-150.7			0.00	0.68	[M*=0 point]
4000	4-N20	299	2-N20	896	N12 spacer	2	-8.7	-156.6			0.79	0.70	
4268	4-N20	299	2-N20	896	N12 spacer	2	-54.4	-184.6			0.67	0.96	[1/4xM*-]
4363	5-N20	224	2-N20	896	N12 spacer	2	-72.5	-194.6			0.66	0.99	[1/3xM*-] [2 iter.s]
4500	6-N20	179	2-N20	896	N12-225 cts	5	-100.1	-208.9			0.51	0.41	[3 iter.s]
4541	6-N20	179	2-N20	896	N12-225 cts	5	-108.8	-213.2			0.78	0.43	[1/2xM*-] [3 iter.s]
4768	7-N20	149	2-N20	896	N12-225 cts	5	-159.8	-236.8			0.93	0.38	[dvRight] [2 iter.s]
4782	7-N20	149	2-N20	896	*		-163.2	-238.3			0.95	0.39	[Ouside dv] [3/4xM*-] [2 iter.s]
5000	9-N20	112	2-N20	896	*		-217.6	-261.1			0.93	0.42	[Ouside dv] [Reo.δ] [3 iter.s]



Section: (Analysis Beam [Span 1 (M1), 1.2 DLxg + 1.5 LL]) 300mm (D) x 1000mm (W) beam, $f'_c=40\text{MPa}$

Creep and Shrinkage

Environment = I (A)rid, (I)nterior, (T)emperature, (R)optical - Cl 3.1.7.2
Drying shrinkage = S (S)tandard, (T)esting

Time in days after commencing drying (t) = 10950 days (30 years)
Time in days of loading after commencing drying (t) = 28 in days Cl 3.1.8.3
Manual design shrinkage = N (Y)es, (N)o
Manual design creep = N (Y)es, (N)o

Shrinkage - Cl 3.1.7

Gross area (A_g) = 300000 mm²
Exposed perimeter ($u_e = 2*W+2*D$) = 2600 mm Cl 1.7
Manual hypothetical thickness = N (Y)es, (N)o
Hypothetical thickness ($t_h = 2*A_g/u_e$) = 231 mm Cl 1.7
Concrete strength (f'_c) = 40 MPa
 $\alpha_1 = 0.8+1.2*\exp(-0.005*t_h) = 1.179$ Fig 3.1.7.2
 $k_1 = \alpha_1*t^{0.8}/(t^{0.8}+0.15*t_h) = 1.155$ Fig 3.1.7.2
Environment (k_4) = 0.65 Interior Cl 3.1.7.2
Final drying basic shrinkage strain ($\epsilon_{csd.b}$) = 800 x10⁻⁶ Standard
Final autogenous strain ($\epsilon_{cse} = (0.07*f'_c-0.5)*50x10^{-6}$) = 115 x10⁻⁶ Eq 3.1.7.2(3)
Autogenous shrinkage strain (ϵ_{cse}) = 115 x10⁻⁶ Eq 3.1.7.2(2)
Basic drying shr. strain $\epsilon_{csd.b} = (0.9-0.005*f'_c)*\epsilon_{csd.b} = 560$ x10⁻⁶ Eq 3.1.7.2(5)
 $\epsilon_{csd} = k_1*k_4*\epsilon_{csd.b} = 420$ x10⁻⁶ Eq 3.1.7.2(4)
 $\epsilon_{cs} = \epsilon_{cse} + \epsilon_{csd} = 535$ x10⁻⁶ Eq 3.1.7.2(1)
Final design shrinkage strain $\epsilon_{cs} = 535$ x10⁻⁶ ±30%
Rounded final design shrinkage strain $\epsilon_{cs} = 540$ x10⁻⁶ ±30% Cl 8.5.3.1
Design shrinkage strain $\epsilon_{cs} = 540$ x10⁻⁶ ±30% Calculated value

Creep - Cl 3.1.8

Basic creep coefficient ($\phi_{cc.b}$) = 2.80 Table 3.1.8.2
 $\alpha_2 = 1.0+1.12*\exp(-0.008*t_h) = 1.177$ Fig 3.1.8.3
 $k_2 = \alpha_2*t^{0.8}/(t^{0.8}+0.15*t_h) = 1.153$ Fig 3.1.8.3
 $k_3 = 2.7/[1+\log(t)] = 1.10$
Environmental factor (k_4) = 0.650 Cl 3.1.8.3
 $\alpha_3 = 0.7/(k_4*\alpha_2) = 0.915$
 $k_5 = 1.00$
Constant sustained stress (σ_o) = 0.0 MPa Cl 3.1.8.1
 $0.45*f_{cmi} = 19.5$ MPa
Non-linear creep coefficient when $\sigma_o \leq 0.45*f_{cmi}$ (k_6) = 1.000 Cl 3.1.8.3
 $\phi_{cc} = k_2*k_3*k_4*k_5*k_6*\phi_{cc.b} = 2.316$ ±30% Eq 3.1.8.3
Adopted $\phi_{cc} = 2.316$ ±30% Calculated value

**Shrinkage Deflection - Determined midspan [WRH Ch 9.3]**

Ast at midspan =	1885 mm ²	(Area of steel must be pre-set in the Defl tab)
Depth to tens. steel (ds) =	248 mm	
Asc at midspan =	628 mm ²	
$ksh = 1.15 * \epsilon_{cs} / ds * (1 - (Asc/Ast))$	$1669 \times 10^{-9} \text{ mm}^{-1}$	WRH - Eq 9.14
$\beta_{sh} =$	0.063	For span type fixed end beam
Span (L) =	5000 mm	
Shrinkage $\delta_{sh} = ksh * \beta_{sh} * L^2 =$	2.6 mm (Uniform beams only)	WRH - Eq 9.15

Creep Deflection - Determined midspan [WRH Ch 9.3]

Tensile steel ratio (pn) =	0.047	(Deflections must have been calculated with analysis)
kcsi =	1.600	(From Analysis and Defl tab)
$\delta_{e,sus} = \delta_{short} = [\delta_{dl.g} + \psi_s * \delta_{ll.g}] * i / i_{eff} =$	6.1 mm	
$\delta_{cr} = \phi_{cc} * (1 - 6 * pn * (1 - 6 * pn)) / (3 * (1 + Asc/Ast)) * \delta_{e,sus} =$	2.8 mm	WRH - Eq 9.21

Deflection summary for calculated creep and shrinkage

Gross $\delta_{dl.g.imm} =$	1.7 mm	
Gross $\delta_{ll.g.imm} =$	0.0 mm	
Short term $\delta_{imm} ([\delta_{dl.g} + \psi_s * \delta_{ll.g}] * i / i_{eff}) =$	6.1 mm	
Permanent $\delta_{long} (\delta_{sh} + \delta_{cr}) =$	5.4 mm	
Total $\delta =$	11.5 mm	= Span / 433



Slab crack control for shrinkage and temperature effects - CI 9.5.3 (Total area)

(Not applicable for beam)

Design thickness = 300 mm
Shrinkage design thickness = 300 mm
Average prestress (σ_{cp}) = 0.00 MPa

Unrestrained slabs CI 9.5.3.3

$A_{st,min} = (1.75 - 2.5 \cdot \sigma_{cp}) \cdot b \cdot D \times 10^{-3} = 0 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Restrained slabs (internal) CI 9.5.3.4 (a)

$A_{st,min} \text{ (minor)} = (1.75 - 2.5 \cdot \sigma_{cp}) \cdot b \cdot D \times 10^{-3} = 0 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

$A_{st,min} \text{ (moderate)} = (3.50 - 2.5 \cdot \sigma_{cp}) \cdot b \cdot D \times 10^{-3} = 0 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

$A_{st,min} \text{ (strong)} = (6.00 - 2.5 \cdot \sigma_{cp}) \cdot b \cdot D \times 10^{-3} = 0 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Restrained slabs (A1 & A2 - external) CI 9.5.3.4 (b)

$A_{st,min} \text{ (moderate)} = (3.50 - 2.5 \cdot \sigma_{cp}) \cdot b \cdot D \times 10^{-3} = 0 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

$A_{st,min} \text{ (strong)} = (6.00 - 2.5 \cdot \sigma_{cp}) \cdot b \cdot D \times 10^{-3} = 0 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Restrained slabs (B1, B2, C1, C2 - external) CI 9.5.3.4 (c)

$A_{st,min} = (6.00 - 2.5 \cdot \sigma_{cp}) \cdot b \cdot D \times 10^{-3} = 0 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Cts for secondary reinforcement

N10	N12	N16
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-

Note: Tabled values for reinf't provided to each face of the element.



CONCRETE MEMBER V5.13

Engineering Building & Infrastructure Pty Ltd

Section: (Analysis Beam [Span 1 (M1), 1.2 DLxg + 1.5 LL]) 300mm (D) x 1000mm (W) beam, $f'_c=40\text{MPa}$
 Reinf't: 2-N20 top, 6-N20 bottom
 Defl'n: $d_s = 248\text{mm} > d_{\text{min}} = 152\text{mm}$ (D.min = 192mm) OK
 Defl'n (Incr.): $d_s = 248\text{mm} > d_{\text{min.i}} = 168\text{mm}$ (D.min.i = 208mm) OK

Deemed to comply deflection - Cl 8.5.4 (Internal span)

Span (L) = 5000 mm
 Depth = 300 mm
 Width = 1000 mm
 Span type = I (i)nternal, (E)nd, (S)imple
 Spans = 2 (2),(>2)

Loading

Dead load S.Wt (wdl) = 7.50 kN/m
 Superimposed dead load (wsdl) = 1.00 kN/m
 Live load (wll) = 3.00 kN/m

Load type = N (N)ormal, (S)torage
 Short term LL factor (ψ_s) = 0.7 (Normal load use)
 Long term LL factor (ψ_l) = 0.4

$F_d^* = 1.2 \cdot (wdl + wsdl) + 1.5 \cdot wll = 14.70 \text{ kN/m}$
 Interior span +ve = $M + ^* = F_d^* \cdot L^2 / 16 = 23.0 \text{ kNm/m}$ Cl 6.10.2.3(b) Ductility Class (btm) = N
 Interior span -ve = $M - ^* = F_d^* \cdot L^2 / 11 = -33.4 \text{ kNm/m}$ Cl 6.10.2.2(b) Ductility Class (top) = N

Beam deflection (Deemed to Comply) - Cl 8.5.4

Tensile steel area (A_{st}) =	1885 mm ²	Depth to tensile steel (d_s) =	248 mm
Compr. steel area (A_{sc}) =	628 mm ²	Depth to comp. steel (d_c) =	42 mm
$kcs = 2 - 1.2 \cdot (A_{sc}/A_s) \geq 0.8 =$	1.60 Cl 8.5.3.2	$p = A_{st}/(b \cdot e_f \cdot d_s) =$	0.00760 (Midspan)
Effective design load ($F_{d.ef}$) =	26.12 kN/m Cl 8.5.4(a)	$p_c = A_{sc}/(b \cdot e_f \cdot d_s) =$	0.00253 (Midspan)
Incremental ($F_{d.ef.inc}$) =	17.62 kN/m Cl 8.5.4(b)	$d_c/d_s =$	0.16935
		$n = E_s / E_c =$	6.01
		NA =	0.256
od. of elasticity ($E_c = p^{1.5} \cdot (0.024 \cdot \sqrt{f_{cmi}} + 0.12) =$	33251 MPa $\pm$ 20% Cl 3.1.2	Cracked NA =	63.6 mm
$\beta = b_{ef}/b_w \geq 1 =$	1.00	Cl 8.5.4	
$k_1 = (5 - 0.04 \cdot f'_c) \cdot p + 0.002 \leq 0.1/\beta^{2/3} =$	0.028	$p \geq 0.001 \cdot f'_c^{1/3} / \beta^{2/3} = 0.0034$	
$k_2 =$	0.0039	5/384 Simple, 1.5/384 Interior span, 2.4/384 End span	
$L_{ef}/\Delta =$	250	Table 2.3.2	
$L_{ef}/\Delta_{inc} =$	500	Table 2.3.2	
$d_{\text{min}} = L_{ef} / [k_1 \cdot (\Delta/L_{ef}) \cdot b_{ef} \cdot E_c / (k_2 \cdot F_{d.ef})]^{1/3} =$	152 mm	Eq 8.5.4	
$d_{\text{min. (inc)}} =$	168 mm		
D.min. =	192 mm		
D.min. (inc) =	208 mm		



CONCRETE MEMBER V5.13

Engineering Building & Infrastructure Pty Ltd

Section: (Analysis Beam [Span 1 (M1), 1.2 DLxg + 1.5 LL]) 300mm (D) x 1000mm (W) beam, $f'_c=40\text{MPa}$
Reinf't: 2-N20 top, 6-N20 bottom
Defl'n: $d_s = 248\text{mm} > d_{\min} = 138\text{mm}$ (D.min = 178mm) OK
Defl'n (Incr.): $d_s = 248\text{mm} > d_{\min.i} = 154\text{mm}$ (D.min.i = 194mm) OK

Deemed to comply deflection - Cl 9.4.4.1

(Not applicable - refer BeamDefl tab)

Span (L_n) = 5000 mm
Slab thickness = 300 mm
Span type = I (i)nternal, (E)nd, (S)imple
Spans = 2 (2),(>2)

Loading

Dead load S.Wt (wdl) = 7.50 kPa
Superimposed dead load (wsdl) = 1.00 kPa
Live load (wll) = 3.00 kPa

Load type = N (N)ormal, (S)torage
Short term LL factor (ψ_s) = 0.7 (Normal load use)
Long term LL factor (ψ_l) = 0.4

 $F_d^* = 1.2 \cdot (wdl + wsdl) + 1.5 \cdot wll = 14.70 \text{ kPa}$

Interior span +ve = $M^+ = F_d^* \cdot L_n^2 / 16 = 23.0 \text{ kNm/m}$ Cl 6.10.2.3(b) Ductility Class (btm) = N
Interior span -ve = $M^- = F_d^* \cdot L_n^2 / 11 = -33.4 \text{ kNm/m}$ Cl 6.10.2.2(b) Ductility Class (top) = N

Slab deflection (Deemed to Comply)

Tensile steel area (A_{st}) = 1885 mm²
Compr. steel area (A_{sc}) = 628 mm²
Depth to tensile steel (d_s) = 248 mm
Depth to comp. steel (d_c) = 42 mm

 $k_{cs} = 2 - 1.2 \cdot (A_{sc}/A_{st}) \geq 0.8 = 1.60$ Cl 8.5.3.2 $p = A_{st}/(W \cdot d_s) = 0.00760$ (Midspan) $p_c = A_{sc}/(W \cdot d_s) = 0.00253$ (Midspan)Effective design load ($F_{d.ef}$) = 26.12 kPa Cl 9.3.4.1(a) $d_c/d_s = 0.16935$ Incremental ($F_{d.ef.inc}$) = 17.62 kPa Cl 9.3.4.1(b) $n = E_s/E_c = 6.01$ Mod. of elasticity ($E_c = p^{1.5} \cdot (0.024 \cdot \sqrt{f_{cmi}} + 0.12)$) = 33251 MPa $\pm 20\%$ Cl 3.1.2

Neutral axis (NA) = 0.256

Cracked NA = 63.6 mm

 $k_3 = 1.00$

1.0 for one-way slab

 $k_4 = 2.10$

1.4 Simple, 2.1 Internal span, 1.75 End span

 $L_{ef}/\Delta = 250$

Table 2.3.2

 $L_{ef}/\Delta_{inc} = 500$

Table 2.3.2

 $d_{\min} = L_{ef}/(k_3 \cdot k_4 \cdot [(L_{ef}/\Delta) \cdot 1000 \cdot E_c / F_{d.ef}]^{1/3}) = 138 \text{ mm}$

Eq 9.4.4.1

 $d_{\min}(\text{inc}) = 154 \text{ mm}$ $D_{\min} = 178 \text{ mm}$ $D_{\min}(\text{inc}) = 194 \text{ mm}$